A Proposal for an Organization of Performance Information Types

Darcy Quesnel and Valerie Taylor

Outline

- Motivation/Requirements
- Proposal for organization of information type categories
- Proposal for required/optional fields
- Fill in organization with some performance information generated from various tools

Motivation

- Current focus on GMA and protocol
- Organization of types has the following benefits:
 - Aids in the development of a dictionary
 - Allows for the addition of new types in a methodical manner
 - Complements the tool taxonomy to identify areas where additional performance tools are needed

Assumptions

- There are many different performance information types
 - Ranging from resource-centric to applicationcentric
- Some of the types have common required fields
- Focus on GMA types
 - Producer or consumer of the information type has registered with the GMA Directory Service
 - Use GMA information format

Requirements

- Easily extended
 - Different types can be added easily
- Broad range
 - Allows for many different performance information types
- Compact, bounded
 - Eliminates redundancy

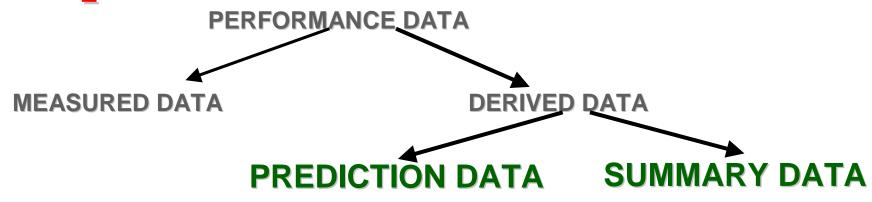
- Hierarchical
 - Satisfies requirements
- First level of the hierarchy

Performance Data

Identifies the required/optional attributes contained in all events (e.g., type of event at a point in time)



- Measured Data:
 - Actual measurements at a given instance of time
 - latency on a link, number of page faults)
- Derived Data:
 - Measurements that are derived from events that have occurred over a set of resources and/or a period of time
 - latency on a set of links, bandwidth on a set of links, page faults over the last week)

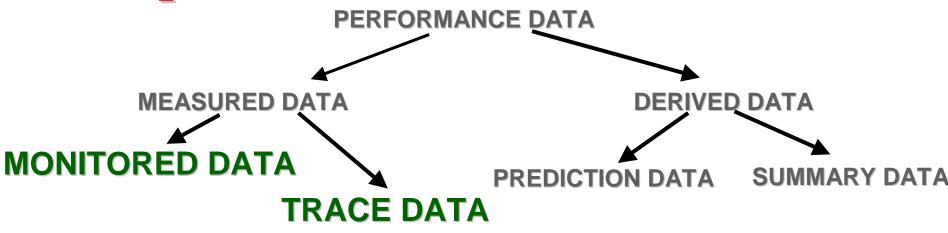


Prediction Data:

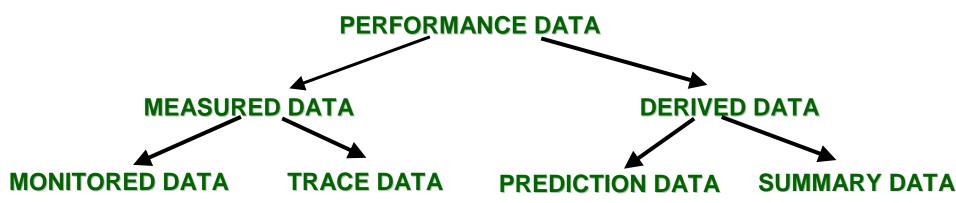
- Prediction based upon some past data from a window of time
 - predicted bandwidth tomorrow based on bandwidth data from two days ago

Summary Data:

- Summary (e.g., mean and standard deviation) of some past data from some window of time
 - aggregate bandwidth of a set of links over the past week



- Monitored Data:
 - Actual measurements of data
 - round trip time to a remote host
- Trace Data:
 - Sequenced performance data
 - required steps for a computation



PERFORMANCE DATA

- Performance Data
 - The base type that defines attributes that are required and optional in all grid performance information
 - timeStamp
 - toolName [optional]
 - toolHost [optional]

PERFORMANCE DATA (timeStamp, [toolName], [toolHost])

DERIVED DATA

Derived Data

- Inherits from Performance Data
- basisDataTimePeriod
- basisDataResources
- basisDataTools [optional]

PERFORMANCE DATA (timestamp, [toolName], [toolHost])

DERIVED DATA (basisDataTimePeriod, basisDataResources, ...)

SUMMARY DATA

- Summary Data
 - Inherits from Derived Data
 - Accuracy [optional]

PERFORMANCE DATA (timestamp, [toolName], [toolHost])



- Prediction Data
 - Inherits from Derived Data
 - validTimePeriod
 - accuracy

PERFORMANCE DATA (timestamp, [toolName], [toolHost])

MEASURED DATA

- Measured Data
 - Inherits from Performance Data
 - resourceName

PERFORMANCE DATA (timestamp, [toolName], [toolHost])

MEASURED DATA

TRACE DATA

- Trace Data
 - Inherits from Measured Data
 - sequenceNumber

PERFORMANCE DATA (timestamp, [toolName], [toolHost])

MEASURED DATA

MONITORED DATA

- Monitored Data
 - Inherits from Measured Data

Organization

